The Daily Courant.

Monday, July 29. 1706.

From the Paris Gazette, dated July 31.

Burgos, July 31.

SOME Grandees, and other Persons of Note, who could not immediately follow the Court, are arriv'd here. The People of Andalousia have by general Consent resolv'd to take up Arms, and have offer'd the King all the Succours they can furnish, in Men, Money, and Corn. The Lordship of Biscay, the Province of Adalava, and almost all the Towns of Castile, have made the like Declarations. The Inhabitants of Segovia having Intelligence the Count de Fienne was near that City with 1500 Horse, renew'd their Oath of Fidelity to his Catholick Majesty, and 60 Portuguese that were left in the Castle, were kill'd or imprison'd by the Populace. Some seditious Persons of Saragossa, assisted by others whom the Enemy had secretly sent into that City, made an Insurrection some Days ago in the Quarter of St. Paul, where they proclaim'd the Archduke, and nominated for Governour and *Justizia Mayor* or chief Justice, 2 Persons of the Scum of the People infamous for their Crimes. The Gentry and the loyal Part of the Inhabitants drawing together, quieted the Tumult by punishing the Ringleaders. The Inhabitants of the Frontier of Navarre have taken Arms, and those of Tudela having enter'd into an Association with those of Tervel, Tarrazona, and some other Towns of Arragon, sent Word to the People of Saragossa, that they would come and burn the City if they would not be quiet, and continue loyal to the King. The small Town of Requena on the Frontiers of Castile and Valencia, having been vigorously attack'd by a Body of regular Troops and a great Number of Miquelets, was defended 16 Days by the Bravery and Conduct of the Govenor Don Adrian de Betancourt: But the Enemy having sent for 3 several Reinforcements of English Troops from Valencia, he was oblig'd to capitulate on very honourable Conditions. Tho' we have little Information of what passes at Madrid, we learn by several Persons that are retir'd from thence, that when the Archduke was proclaim'd, no considerable Person appear'd, nor did the People give the least Demonstration of Joy. A Taylor that was in the Crowd, crying out *Long live Charles*, was instantly stab'd with a Poignard and kill'd. Some Portuguese Soldiers were kill'd likewise, but the Officers of Justice would take no Cognizance of it. Upon this the Marquis das Minas has been oblig'd to order the Corregidor to sieze all the Soldiers who at the shutting in of Day shall be found in the City. The Duke of San Juan being nominated Viceroy of Navarre, is gone to take upon him that Office.

Bayone, July 21. 'Tis advis'd by Letters from Almazan, that the Troops which are coming from Navarre march towards Atienza as fast as they arrive. The Regiment of Maine, which is the foremost of all, were to March the 16th, and that of Orleans the 17th: The rest both Horse and Foot were likewise to continue their March. The Foot are in a very good Condition, notwithstanding the Fatigues of a long and painful March. The Enemy have been encamp'd at Alcala since the 13th, as well for subsisting themselves the easier, as to wait there for the Archduke who was reported to be on March with 2000 Men Regular Troops. Some Rebels of Arragon, to the Number of 400 Horse, advanc'd some Days ago towards Tudela, to oblige the Inhabitants of the adjacent Places which are defenceless to acknowledge the Archduke. The Regiment of Bouville which was not far off march'd thither, and made them retire. We have since receiv'd Advice by Letters of the 15th from the Camp at Xadraque, that the Enemy had march'd from Alcala towards Guadalaxara, which is but 4 Leagues from Xadraque. The King that he may the more speedily joyn the Troops he expects, has caus'd those that were at Xadraque to decamp, in order to march to Atienza, where he was to arrive the 17th.

From the Amsterdam Gazette, dated August 3.

The Letters from Vienna of July 21. contain a Journal of what pass'd at Barcelona from the 13th to the 21st of June; which confirms, that King Charles was preparing to depart from thence that Day for Monteserrat thence to go to Tortosa; And that on the 19th his Majesty had receiv'd the News of the Victory of Ramilly, and of the Deliverance of the Towns of Louvain, Mechlen, Prussels, &c.

From the Harlem Courant, dated August 3.

Amsterdam, August 1. They write from Genoa the 17th of last Month, that the Unicorn of and from Zeeland, was arriv'd there in 23 Days from Lisbon; and that the Captain reported he in his Passage spoke with the Confederate Fleet before Alicant; which City had actually declar'd for King Charles, but the Castle in which an Irish Governour commanded held out.

From the Paris Gazette, dated July 31.

Milan, July 17. Letters from the Army in Lombardy advise, that the Detachment of the Imperial Army which pass'd the Adige at Pettorazza the 6th, advanc'd the 11th to Fratta, and that the 12th in the Morning, Collonel Patte pass'd the Tartaro, or Canal Bianco on the other side of Canda, at Paolino at the Mouth of the Scortico, with 3 large Barks each carrying a Cannon and 300 Men, supported by the rest of the Detachment. There was in that Place but one Regiment of Foot which retir'd, and one Squadron of Horse which making a stand was defeated. The Duke of Vendome, who saw his Troops were fatigued with guarding so great a Number of Posts, and that Forrage began to be scarce along the Adige, resolv'd to draw them together to a Post of less Extent. So he sent them Order to march to this side of the Mincio, which is defended by good Lines, and where there is but a space of 15 Miles to guard. He has posted Part of the Army divided into 3 Bodies, from the Lake of Garda to Goito; has order'd a Bridge to be made at Ostiglia, and another at Mirasole, on this side the Mouth of the Mincio: and has sent the Count de Medavy over the Po, to oppose the Imperialists, who appear to have a Design to enter into the Ferrareze. The Duke of Orleans arriv'd here the 11th, and went the 13th for Cremona, where the Prince of Vaudemont is likewise arriv'd. Yesterday the Marshal de Marsin arriv'd here, and is gone Post this Morning for Cremona.

From

From the Antwerp Courant, dated Auguſt 3.

From the Imperial Camp at Cattelbaldo, July 16. Yeſterday Prince Eugene march'd with a Detachment towards the Po, and we hear he is now buſy in paſſing that River within a Mile of Ferrara. Several French Parties, which pretended to obſerve and harraſs him in his March, were beaten, and we reckon that ſince the 10th Inſtant we have taken above 700 Priſoners. We know not yet what is Prince Eugene's real Deſign. But we wonder very much, that the French ſhould ſo poorly defend their Intrenchments along the Adige, principally thoſe in the Poleſines which are exceeding ſtrong. Their Troops ſeem to be ſiez'd with a panick Terror, and we reckon the Duke of Vendome's Departure, and the Arrival of the Duke of Orleans, will give us an Opportunity to make further Progreſſes. *P. S.* We have juſt now receiv'd Order from Prince Eugene to follow him to the Po, and are making ready to march accordingly.

Milan, July 18. This Evening the Prince of Vaudemont receiv'd Advice, that Prince Eugene with 10 or 12000 Men has paſs'd the Po at Laſerta not far from Ferrara; and that the Dukes of Vendome and Orleans have order'd a Bridge to be laid over the Po in all Haſte near Borgoforte, in order to ſend a ſtrong Detachment over that River, to ſtop the Imperialiſts at the Secchia. If Prince Eugene paſs that River too, it will be very difficult to hinder him from penetrating to Piemont. 'Tis reported all the French Troops have paſs'd the Mincio near Mantua, and are marching to the Cremoneze. This Morning 2 Regiments came hither from Lodi, to ſtrengthen the Garriſon of our Caſtle.

Inſpruck, July 20. Beſides the Expreſs that paſs'd through this Place Yeſterday, to carry the News to Vienna of Prince Eugene's being advanc'd to the Po; another paſs'd through this Morning, with the welcome News that that Prince, after having cut in Pieces 1200 French, has paſs'd the Po with the greateſt Part of his Army, and waits only for his Baggage and Artillery to be brought over to him, to undertake ſome very important Enterprize.

From the Leiden Gazette, dated Auguſt 3.

Milan, July 20. A Report is ſpread here, that the P. of Vaudemont has receiv'd by the Way of Genoa an Expreſs from the great Council of Spain at Madrid, with Letters commanding him to receive and obey no Orders, but what ſhall come to him from King Charles III, as having been acknowldg'd and proclaim'd Soveraign of the whole Spaniſh Monarchy.

Geneva, July 22. Some Letters from Italy adviſe, that Prince Eugene has paſs'd the Po, and alſo the Panaro, with the Army. They add, that 'twas rumour'd it had been reſolv'd in a Council of War held at Mantua by the Duke of Orleans, to break up the Siege of Turin; in order to reinforce the Army of the 2 Crowns in Lombardy with part of the Troops employ'd in that Siege; which goes on very ſlowly, becauſe the Garriſon make a vigorous Reſiſtance. The French Troops before Turin, ſuffer very much by Sickneſs; and hardly a Day paſſes but they ſend to Cazal or Chivas above 30 Waggons with Sick or Wounded Men. Some Paſſengers from Orange report, that the Camiſars begin to ſtir again in the Sevennes.

From the Leiden Courant, dated Auguſt 4.

Paris, July 30. The 17th Inſtant the Duke of Orleans arriv'd in the Army in Lombardy; the 18th the Duke of Vendome left it, and was at Mantua the 20th, waiting there to conſult with the Duke of Orleans, and the Duke de la Feuillade who was ſent for thither, what Courſe was beſt for putting a ſtop to Prince Eugene's further Progreſs.

Hague, Auguſt 3. Letters from France of the 30th ſay an Expreſs was diſpatch'd from Court to the Army before Turin, with Orders ('twas believ'd) for raiſing the Siege of that Place.

From the Camp at Helchin, Auguſt 2. Monſieur d'Auverquerque's Army from Oſtend and the Troops of Pruſſia and Hanover being come into the Line, my Lord Duke of Marlborough order'd the firſt Line to draw out on Saturday, and this Day the ſecond, to ſhew the Prince Royal of Pruſſia the whole in order of Battle. General Saliſch who commands the Troops before Menin, has thought fit to deferr the opening the Trenches till the Lines of Circumvallation are finiſh'd, which we hope will be to Morrow. We have Advice from the Frontiers that the Enemy are preparing to aſſemble a Body of Troops between Ath and Cambron, to be commanded by the Elector of Bavaria; and another near Donay, which the Duke of Vendome is to Command when he arrives from Italy. The Huſſars which have come over to us from the Enemy ſince the Battle of Ramellies being form'd into a Body, have been very uſeful to us in reſtraining the Enemy's Parties, and on other occaſions; and on Friday laſt a Party of them made an Excurſion as far as Donay, and brought back a conſiderable Booty beſides 10 Dragoons with their Horſes.

According to the Deſire of the Perſons belonging to Mr Arnold's Mathematical Lecture at the Swan Coffee-houſe in Threadneedle-ſtreet near the Royal Exchange, he gives Notice that next Thurſday he deſigns to begin to Read and Explain Aſtronomical Lectures; and every Thurſday following.

The Leaſe of the Eleventh Houſe (with a very pretty Garden) in Wookerſton's Row, from the Queen's Gate in Grays-Inn-Lane, together with Copper Ciſterns and other things now ſtanding in and about the ſaid Houſe, is to be ſold: Enquire of Mr. Robert Burges next to the general Poſt-Office in Lombard-ſtreet, or of Mr. George Boarman, who is to be found every Day at the Temple-Exchange Coffee-Houſe in Fleet ſtreet, between the Hours of 4 and 5 in the Afternoon.

To be Sold, the remaining part of a Parcel of Coniack and Bourdeaux Brandys, at 7 s. 6 d. per Gallon the Coniack, and 7 s. per Gallon the Bourdeaux; lying in a Vault under a Glazier's Houſe in Mincing-Lane; and to continue every Day till all are ſold from 7 in the Morning till 8 at Night.

At the Golden Acorn in White-Fryars near Fleet-ſtreet are to be Sold, a moſt curious Collection of Stich'd Books and Pamphlets at the Rates following, (viz.) Sermons before 40 at 1 s. the Dozen, from 40 to 60 at 1 s. 6 d. from 60 down to this time at 2 s. Divinity in 4to at 2 s. 8vo 1 s. Church Government in 4to 2 s. Lives and Memoirs at 4 s. Voyages and Travels at 4 s. Husbandry and Trade at 4 s. Civil Law and Common Law at 4 s. Plays large 4to at 6 s. Poetry at 2 s. Kings, Chancellors, and Judges Speeches in Parliament at 1 s. Speeches in Parliament during the late Civil Wars at 1 s. 6 d. with a great many Miſcellanies at 2 s. per Dozen. Note that there is above 500 Volums of Tracts bound where any Gentleman may have the Liberty of picking at a very reaſonable rate, and all Perſons may be ſupplied with Acts of Parliaments, Proclamations, Declarations, &c. according to the Method of Mr. W. Willer late of London Stationer.

Juſt Publiſh'd,

Famoſus Defamator: The Infamous Libeller that ſlanderous Privy Back-biter arraign'd and condemn'd by the Divine, Canon, Civil and Common Laws, proſecuted by Octavius Terminalis, in a Letter to Marcus Æmilius, a friend in the City, price 6 d. Sold by B. Bragg at the Raven in Pater-Noſter-Row.

Whereas Propoſals for Reprinting all the Practical Works of the late Reverend Mr. Richard Baxter, in 4 Volums in Folio, have for ſome Time been Publiſh'd, the Undertakers having receiv'd incouragement from ſeveral Reverend Divines and others, of the Church of England, and Diſſenters, have now put the ſaid Work to the Preſs, and therefore deſire all ſuch as have obtain'd Subſcriptions, and not yet paid in the firſt Payment, or who are inclin'd to promote ſo good a Work, to haſten the doing of it, to any of the Undertakers, Tho Parkhurſt, Jonathan Robinſon or John Lawrence, that they may be enabled to finiſh the ſaid Work with all poſſible Expedition.

The moſt excellent Tablets of a delightful Flavour and Taſte, one of which at a time being only chewed or held in the Mouth, rowling it about with the Tongue, wonderfully (without the leaſt offence or hindrance of buſineſs) purges the Head and Brain, curing all the Diſeaſes thereof, by evacuating the Rheum or Humours, by moderate Spitting, that cauſe them, when all inward Medicines, Bliſters, Iſſues, Seatons, &c. are ineffectual. In Rheumatiſms, Gouts, Kings-Evil, Leproſies, Red and Pimply Faces, Itchings, Scabs, &c. they are ſtrangely effectual, ſweetning the Blood, creating an Appetite, &c. One of them uſed as above ſaid for an hour or two, will diſcharge near a Pint of Rheum, which continued may ſave the trouble and ſerve for the ſame end and better than Salivation in many caſes (they being without the leaſt grain of Mercury) and by ſpitting out at any time the Tablet (which never ſticks to the Mouth or Teeth) the Flux immediately ceaſes, being very harmleſs and as ſmall (only ſtarch) as Peas, leaving the Mouth moiſt, cool and refreſh'd. Are to be had only at Mr. Varenne's, a Bookſeller, at Seneca's Head near Somerſet-Houſe in the Strand, at 3 s. 6 d. the Box, with Directions.

The Royal Chymical Waſh-Ball for the Hands and Face, largely experienc'd and daily commended by all that uſe them, and that for making the Skin ſo delicately ſoft and ſmooth, as not to be parallell'd by either Waſh, Powder, Coſmetick, &c. it be-indeed a real Beautifier of the Skin, by taking off all Deformities, as Tetters, Ring-worms, Morphew, Sun-burn, Scurf, Pimples, Fits or Redneſs of the Small-pox, &c. keeping it of a laſting and extream Whiteneſs, it ſoon alters red or rough Hands, and is admirable in Shaving the Head, which not only gives a more exquiſite ſharpneſs to the Razor, but ſo comforts the Brain and Nerves, as to prevent catch-Cold, and is of a grateful and pleaſant Scent, without the leaſt Grain of Mercury. Is ſold only by Mr. Allnutt, Glover, the corner of Popes-Head-Alley againſt the Royal Exchange, and at Mrs. Giles's, Millener and Toyſhop next Hercules-Pillar-Ally by the Temple, at 1 s. each, with printed Directions at large.

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